



ADOLESCENT SEXUAL HEALTH PROMOTION AT A GLANCE

The following is an overview of the state of adolescent sexual health promotion efforts in Indiana in Fiscal Year (FY) 2013, including sexuality education state laws and policy, sexual health data, and federal funding.

STATE LEVEL SEXUALITY EDUCATION LAW AND POLICY OVERVIEW

Indiana requires that schools provide instruction on HIV/AIDS, and “integrate this effort to the extent possible with instruction on other communicable diseases.” The law states that the Department of Education must work with the Department of Health to develop HIV/AIDS-prevention education materials and make them available to school districts. These materials must “stress the moral aspects of abstinence from sexual activity” and “state that the best way to avoid AIDS is for young people to refrain from sexual activity until they are ready as adults to establish, in the context of marriage, a mutually faithful monogamous relationship.” State law also mandates that local school boards establish an AIDS Advisory Council to review all curricula and materials for HIV/AIDS instruction. Indiana does not require parental permission for students to participate in sexuality or HIV/AIDS education nor does it state whether parents or guardians may remove their children from such classes.

See [Indiana Code 20-30-5-12](#), [20-30-5-13](#), [20-34-1-3](#), [20-34-1-13](#), and [20-34-3-17](#).

REPORTED BEHAVIORS OF YOUNG PEOPLE IN INDIANA

The state of Indiana did not participate in the 2013 Youth Risk Behavior Survey.

 Among Indiana high school students in 2011, 51% of females and 51% of males **reported ever having had sexual intercourse**, higher than the reported national average of 46% of females and 49% of males.

 Among Indiana high school students in 2011, 40% of females and 37% of males **reported being currently sexually active** (having had sexual intercourse in the three months prior), higher than the reported national average of 34% of females and 33% of males.

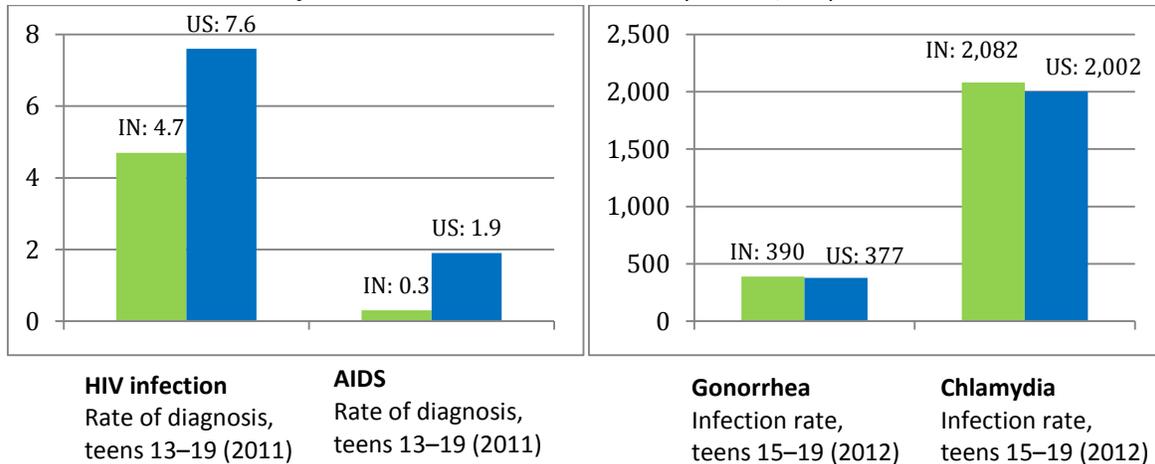
INDIANA TEEN PREGNANCY, BIRTH AND ABORTION RATES

 In 2010, Indiana’s **teen pregnancy rate was lower than the national average**, with 33 pregnancies per 1,000 young women ages 15–19, compared to 57 per 1,000 nationwide.

 In 2012, Indiana’s **teen birth rate was higher than the national average**, with 33 births per 1,000 young women ages 15–19, compared to 29 per 1,000 nationwide.

 In 2010, Indiana’s **teen abortion rate was lower than the national average**, with 7 abortions per 1,000 young women ages 15–19, compared to 15 per 1,000 nationwide.

INDIANA'S YOUNG PEOPLE: HIV/AIDS AND OTHER STD RATES (PER 100,000)

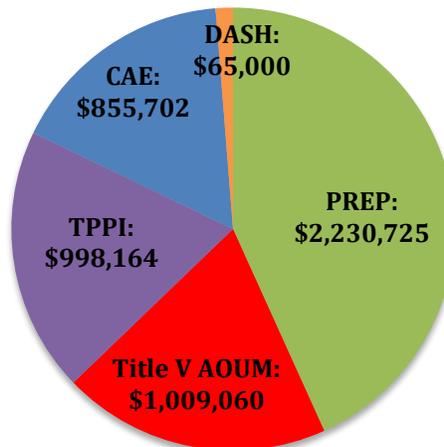


FY 2013 FEDERAL FUNDING IN INDIANA: TOTAL \$5,158,651

Division of Adolescent and School Health (DASH) \$65,000

Funds state and local education agencies to help districts implement exemplary sexual health education (ESHE), increase access to key sexual health services (SHS), and establish safe and supportive environments (SSE) for students and staff; funds HIV/STD-prevention efforts for young men who have sex with men (YMSM); supports state education and health agencies' surveillance efforts.

The Indiana Department of Health receives DASH funds to collect and report the Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance and the School Health Profiles.



Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP) \$2,230,725

Funds for states (PREP), local entities (PREIS), community/faith-based organizations (CPREP), and tribes (TPREP) to implement evidence-informed or innovative teen pregnancy- and HIV/STD-prevention, and adulthood preparation programs for young people.

Three local entities in Indiana receive CPREP funds: Health Care Education and Training, Inc.; Indiana Family Health Council; and PATH, Inc.

Competitive Abstinence Education (CAE) Grants \$855,702

Funds for community- and faith-based organizations to implement abstinence-only-until-marriage programs.

Two local entities in Indiana received total CAE funds; Evansville Christian Life Center and the PEERS Project of Indiana, Inc.

Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiative (TPPI) \$998,164

Funds for local entities to implement evidence-based programs (Tier 1) or innovative strategies (Tier 2) to prevent teen pregnancy.

There is one Tier 2 grantee in Indiana, PATH (A Positive Approach to Teen Health), which implement a three-year curriculum in 12 middle schools located in four rural Indiana counties La Porte, Jasper, Pulaski, and Starke.

Title V AOUN Program (Title V) \$1,009,060

Indiana has chosen to implement abstinence-only-until-marriage (AOUN) programs through Title V, matching every \$4 federal dollars with \$3 state dollars or in-kind contributions.

The Department of Health administers the Title V AOUN grant through two sub-grantees, the PEERS Project and the Social PEERS Project. These organizations provide both school- and community-based programming for middle- and high-school aged youth. The match is made through sub-grantee in-kind dollars and direct state revenue.

For further background on the federal programs, information on the grantees and the programs they are implementing, as well as citations, see the FY 2013 Indiana State Profile at siecus.org/Indiana2013.