

DELAWARE

In Fiscal Year 2011¹, the state of Delaware received:

• Personal Responsibility Education Program funds totaling \$250,000

In Fiscal Year 2011, local entities in Delaware received:

• Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiative funds totaling \$589,877

SEXUALITY EDUCATION LAW AND POLICY

Delaware requires sexuality education as part of health education for kindergarten through 12th grade. This education must be coordinated by an employee in each school district and must be overseen by a District Consolidated Application Planning Committee. The committee must consist of teachers, parents, school nurses, community leaders, law enforcement, and other community members "with expertise in the areas of health, family life and safe and drug free schools and communities." Sexuality education must include an "HIV-prevention program that stresses the benefits of abstinence from high-risk behaviors." Sexuality education courses must also follow the *Delaware Health Education Curriculum*.

Delaware law also sets a minimum number of hours for "comprehensive health education and family life education." In kindergarten through fourth grade, the minimum is set at 30 hours per grade, 10 of which must be dedicated to drug/alcohol education. In grades five and six, the minimum is set at 35 hours per grade, 15 of which must be dedicated to drug/alcohol education. In grades seven and eight, the minimum is set at 60 hours per grade, 15 of which must be dedicated to drug/alcohol education. In order to graduate, high-school students must receive one-half of a credit in comprehensive health education.

Delaware does not require parental permission for students to participate in sexuality or HIV/AIDS education nor does it say whether parents or guardians may remove their children from such classes.

See Delaware Administrative Code title 14, § 851, and Delaware Health Education Curriculum.

RECENT LEGISLATION

SIECUS is not aware of any proposed legislation regarding sexuality education in Delaware.

YOUTH SEXUAL HEALTH DATA

SIECUS has compiled the following data to provide an overview of adolescent sexual health in Delaware. The data collected represents the most current information available.

Delaware Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS) Data⁵

- In 2011, 57% of female high school students and 61% of male high school students in Delaware reported ever having had sexual intercourse, compared to 46% of female high school students and 49% of male high school students nationwide.
- In 2011, 4% of female high school students and 14% of male high school students in Delaware reported having had sexual intercourse before age 13, compared to 3% of female high school students and 9% of male high school students nationwide.
- In 2011, 17% of female high school students and 27% of male high school students in Delaware reported having had four or more lifetime sexual partners, compared to 13% of female high school students and 18% of male high school students nationwide.
- In 2011, 43% of female high school students and 43% of male high school students in Delaware reported being currently sexually active (defined as having had sexual intercourse in the three months prior to the survey), compared to 34% of female high school students and 33% of male high school students nationwide.
- In 2011, among those high school students who reported being currently sexually active, 54% of females and 64% of males in Delaware reported having used condoms the last time they had sexual intercourse, compared to 54% of females and 67% of males nationwide.
- In 2011, among those high school students who reported being currently sexually active, 21% of females and 16% of males in Delaware reported having used birth control pills the last time they had sexual intercourse, compared to 23% of females and 13% of males nationwide.
- In 2011, among those high school students who reported being currently sexually active, 16% of females and 25% of males in Delaware reported having used alcohol or drugs the last time they had sexual intercourse, compared to 18% of females and 26% of males nationwide.
- In 2011, 86% of high school students in Delaware reported having been taught about AIDS/HIV in school, compared to 84% of high school students nationwide.

Delaware Teen Pregnancy, HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Disease Data Teen Pregnancy, Birth, and Abortion

- Delaware's teen birth rate currently ranks 30th in the United States, with a rate of 30.5 births per 1,000 young women ages 15–19, compared to the national rate of 34.3 births per 1,000.⁶ In 2010, there were a total of 974 live births to young women ages 15–19 reported in Delaware.⁷
- In 2005, Delaware's teen pregnancy rate ranked sixth in the United States, with a rate of 83 pregnancies per 1,000 young women ages 15–19, compared to the national rate of 70 pregnancies per 1,000.8 There were a total of 2,300 pregnancies among young women ages 15–19 in Delaware in 2005.9

• In 2005, Delaware's teen abortion rate ranked fourth in the United States, with a rate of 27 abortions per 1,000 young women ages 15–19, compared to the national rate of 19 abortions per 1,000.¹⁰

HIV and AIDS

- In 2010, the rate of diagnoses of HIV infection among adolescents aged 13-19 years in Delaware was 11.6 per 100,000 compared to the national rate of 7.9 per 100,000. 11
- In 2010, the rate of AIDS diagnoses among adolescents 13-19 years in Delaware was 8.1 per 100,000 compared to the national rate of 1.9 per 100,000. 12
- In 2010, the rate of diagnoses of HIV infection among young adults aged 20-24 years in Delaware was 37.8 per 100,000 compared to the national rate of 36.9 per 100,000. 13
- In 2010, the rate of AIDS diagnoses among young adults aged 20-24 years in Delaware was 14.5 per 100,000 compared to the national rate of 10.4 per 100,000.¹⁴

Sexually Transmitted Diseases

- Delaware ranks eighth in the United States for reported cases of chlamydia among young people ages 15–19, with an infection rate of 26.7 cases per 1,000, compared to the national rate of 20.03 cases per 1,000. In 2009, there were a total of 1,648 cases of chlamydia reported among young people ages 15–19 in Delaware.¹⁵
- Delaware ranks 18th in the United States for reported cases of gonorrhea among young people ages 15–19, with an infection rate of 4.39 cases per 1,000, compared to the national rate of 4.04 cases per 1,000. In 2009, there were a total of 271 cases of gonorrhea reported among young people ages 15–19 in Delaware.¹⁶

FEDERAL FUNDING FOR SEX EDUCATION, TEEN PREGNANCY PREVENTION, AND ABSTINENCE-ONLY PROGRAMS

President's Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiative

The President's Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiative (TPPI) funds medically accurate and age-appropriate programs to reduce teen pregnancy. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Adolescent Health (OAH) administers the grant program, which totaled \$105 million in discretionary funding for Fiscal Year (FY) 2011. TPPI consists of two funding tiers that provide grants to local public and private entities. Tier 1 totals \$75 million and provides funding for the replication of evidence-based programs proven to prevent unintended teen pregnancy and address underlying behavioral risk factors. Tier 2 totals \$25 million and provides funding to develop and test additional models and innovative strategies. A portion of the Tier 2 funds, \$15.2 million, was allocated for research and demonstration grants to test innovative approaches, while the remaining funding, \$9.8 million, was allocated for grants to support communitywide initiatives. TPPI also dedicates \$4.5 million in funding to conduct evaluations of individual programs.

TPPI Tier 1: Evidence-Based Programs

The TPPI Tier 1 grant program supports the replication of evidence-based programs proven effective through rigorous evaluation to prevent unintended teen pregnancy, underlying behavioral risk factors, or other associated risk factors.

• There is one TPPI Tier 1 grantee in Delaware, West End Neighborhood House, Inc., which received \$589,877 for FY 2011.

West End Neighborhood House, Inc., \$589,877 (FY 2011)

West End Neighborhood House, Inc., is a Tier I grantee located in Wilmington, Delaware. Founded in the 1880s, West End began with an aim to assist recent emigrants to the United States. Today, it exists as a nonprofit social service agency with a focus on promoting self-sufficiency among individuals in low-income communities. The agency serves over 10,000 individuals, providing services such as employment training, GED preparation, youth and adult socialization, and transitional housing services, among others.¹⁷

West End's TPPI-funded program targets youth in grades seven through 12 who attend low-income and/or low-performing schools and reside largely in the west side of Wilmington, which historically has had high rates of teen pregnancy, school drop-outs, and juvenile crime. The program aims to increase "attitudes favoring abstinence," understanding of how to avoid teenage pregnancy, and knowledge about STDs, including HIV, among participants.¹⁸

With its TPPI funding, West End implements the *Children's Aid Society – Carrera Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention Program (CAS – Carrera)*, an evidence-based positive youth development program designed for students in grades six through 12. The program consists of seven integrated components that can be delivered in an after-school or in-school setting over the course of a year. These units include Education, Job Club, Family Life and Sexuality Education, Mental Health, Medical and Dental Services, Self Expression, and Lifetime Individual Sports. The program uses a positive youth development approach to increase developmental competency and identity formation among participants in order to encourage youth to avoid early parenthood and risky sexual behavior. *CAS – Carrera* runs six days a week throughout the academic year and also includes a summer program component. An evaluation of the program published in *Perspectives on Sexual and Reproductive Health* found that, at a three-year follow-up, female participants were significantly less likely to report a pregnancy or report being sexually active than participants in the control group. Sexual and Reproductive Health found that the control group.

The program serves as an enhancement to West End's existing summer camp programming and will serve a minimum of 60 youth annually. All participants are required to commit to 12 months of the program. The program also includes a mandatory parent component. West End partners with Westside Family Healthcare, Junior Achievement of Delaware, and Jewish Family Services of Delaware in the implementation of the program. These partner organizations will offer comprehensive health care, entrepreneurial training, and mental health counseling and treatment.²²

TPPI Tier 2: Innovative Approaches

The TPPI Tier 2 grant program supports research and demonstration programs in order to develop, replicate, refine, and test additional models and innovative strategies for preventing teenage pregnancy

• There are no TPPI Tier 2 Innovative Approaches grantees in Delaware.

TPPI Tier 2: Communitywide Initiatives

The TPPI Tier 2 grant program also supports communitywide initiatives to reduce rates of teenage pregnancy and births in communities with the highest rates. The program awards grants to national organizations as well as state- and community-based organizations. Funded national partners provide

training and technical assistance to local grantees. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) administer the grant program in partnership with OAH.

• There are no TPPI Tier 2 Communitywide Initiatives grantees in Delaware.

Personal Responsibility Education Program

The Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP) totals \$75 million per year for FYs 2010–2014 and is the first-ever dedicated funding stream for more comprehensive approaches to sexuality education. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families (ACF) administers the grant. PREP includes a \$55 million state-grant program, \$10 million to fund local entities through the Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS) Program, \$3.5 million for the Tribal PREP Program for tribes and tribal organizations, and \$6.5 million for evaluation, training, and technical assistance. Details on the state-grant program, PREIS, and Tribal PREP are included below.

PREP State-Grant Program

The PREP state-grant program supports evidence-based programs that provide young people with medically accurate and age-appropriate information for the prevention of unintended pregnancy, HIV/AIDS, and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs). The grant program totals \$55 million per year and allocates funding to individual states. The grant does not require states to provide matching funds. Funded programs must discuss abstinence and contraception, and place substantial emphasis on both. Programs must also address at least three of the following adulthood preparation subjects: healthy relationships, positive adolescent development, financial literacy, parent-child communication skills, education and employment skills, and healthy life skills.

- The Delaware Department of Health and Social Services received \$250,000 in federal PREP funds for FY 2011.
- There is one sub-grantee for the Delaware PREP state-grant program: Planned Parenthood of Delaware.²³

The Delaware Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health used the majority of its funds to identify a sub-grantee to administer the program. The sub-grantee, Planned Parenthood of Delaware, offers educational trainings and supplemental professional development opportunities for teachers and community providers that serve high-risk youth populations. Among its primary goals, Planned Parenthood of Delaware aims to "develop and sustain a professional development infrastructure to empower and promote positive behavior change in adolescents" and "increase implementation of evidence-based programs in high-risk areas to reduce teen births, STDs and HIV rates for youth in Delaware."

As the sub-grantee, Planned Parenthood of Delaware works in collaboration with the state Department of Education, Division of Public Health, and Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Board to develop the institute, which will be known as the "From Risk to Resiliency: Promoting Teen Health Training Institute." Teachers from all 19 of the state's school districts will participate in training by the institute; although, certain areas of the state will be targeted for implementation of evidence-based sexual health programs based on high social and economic disparity and high rates of teen birth and HIV/STD infection. These areas include Bridgeville/Greenwood, lower Christiana, Milford North and South, Millsboro, New Castle, Seaford, Selbyville/Frankford, and the city of Wilmington. Educators will be trained to implement *Making Proud Choices!*, and *Be Proud! Be Responsible!*

Making Proud Choices! is an evidence-based STD-, HIV-, and pregnancy-prevention curriculum designed for use with African-American, Latino, and white adolescents ages 11–13. The curriculum aims

to help youth understand the poor reasoning and decision making that can lead to STD/HIV infection and/or unintended pregnancy, as well as to increase their confidence, negotiation skills, and self-efficacy in using condoms. The program consists of eight one-hour sessions and can be implemented in school- or community-based settings. *Making Proud Choices!* includes interactive and skill-building activities that are designed to "increase comfort with practicing condom use, address concerns about negative effects of practicing safer sex, and build skills in condom use and negotiation." An evaluation of the program published in the *Journal of the American Medical Association* showed that program participants reported more consistent condom use and less unprotected sex as well as a higher frequency of condom use than those in the control group. ²⁶

Be Proud! Be Responsible! is an evidence-based HIV-prevention curriculum originally designed for urban African-American males ages 13–18.²⁷ The curriculum seeks to provide young people with the knowledge, motivation, and skills necessary to reduce their risk of HIV, other STDs, and causing unintended pregnancy. It also aims to impact sexual behavior by equipping youth with negotiation, refusal, and condom-use skills. The curriculum uses a "sense-of-community" approach that emphasizes how HIV/AIDS has affected inner-city communities and discusses the importance of protecting the community in order to instill accountability, sexual responsibility, and a sense of pride in participants. Although originally designed for use with small groups of six to 12 participants, the curriculum has been used with larger groups and is appropriate for both school-based and community-based settings.²⁸ An evaluation of the program published in the *American Journal of Community Psychology* found that the intervention reduced the number of female sexual partners participants had as well as the number of non-monogamous female sexual partners (those who were simultaneously involved with other male partners). In addition, the study found that the intervention decreased the frequency of vaginal and heterosexual anal intercourse, and increased condom use among participants.²⁹

Personal Responsibility Education Innovative Strategies (PREIS)

PREIS supports research and demonstration programs to develop, replicate, refine, and test innovative models for preventing unintended teen pregnancy. The ACF administers the grant program in collaboration with OAH and provides a total of \$10 million in funding directly to local public and private entities.

There are no PREIS grantees in Delaware.

Tribal Personal Responsibility Education Program (Tribal PREP)

Tribal PREP supports the development and implementation of comprehensive teen-pregnancy prevention programs within tribes and tribal communities. Tribal PREP programs target youth ages 10–19 who are in or are aging out of foster care, homeless youth, youth with HIV/AIDS, pregnant and/or parenting youth who are under 21 years of age, and youth who live in areas with high adolescent birth rates. Programs must address at least three of the following adulthood preparation subjects: healthy relationships, positive adolescent development, financial literacy, parent-child communication skills, education and employment skills, and healthy life skills.

- In FY 2011, 16 tribes and tribal organizations from nine states received a total of \$6.5 million.
- There are no Tribal PREP grantees in Delaware.

Title V State Abstinence Education Grant Program

The Title V State Abstinence Education Grant Program (Title V Abstinence-Only Program) allocates \$50 million per year to states for FYs 2010–2014. ACF administers the grant program. The Title V Abstinence-Only Program requires states to provide three state-raised dollars or the equivalent in services

for every four federal dollars received. The state match may be provided in part or in full by local groups. All programs funded by the Title V Abstinence-Only Program must promote abstinence from sexual activity as their exclusive purpose and may provide mentoring, counseling, and adult supervision toward this end. Programs must be medically accurate and age-appropriate and must ensure abstinence is an expected outcome.

• Delaware chose not to apply for Title V abstinence-only funds for FY 2011.

Delaware TPPI, PREP, and Title V Abstinence-Only Funding in FY 2011

Grantee	Award	Fiscal Years
Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiative (TPPI)		
TPPI Tier 1: Replication of Evidence-Based Programs		
West End Neighborhood House, Inc.	\$589,877	2010–2014
TOTAL	\$589,877	
Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP)		
PREP State-Grant Program		
Delaware Health & Social Services (federal grant)	\$250,000	2011
TOTAL	\$250,000	
GRAND TOTAL	\$839,877	2011

COMPREHENSIVE APPROACHES TO SEXUALITY EDUCATION

SIECUS has identified some examples of model programs, policies, and best practices being implemented in Delaware public schools that provide a more comprehensive approach to sex education for young people.³⁰

Comprehensive Sex Education Programs in Public Schools

The Delaware Department of Education works to ensure that all school districts provide "age-appropriate, culturally sensitive HIV-prevention education" in middle and high schools in compliance with state policies and regulations. Through funding from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's Division of Adolescent and School Health (CDC-DASH), the department provides professional development on HIV-prevention curricula to school educators across the state. School districts in the state with high poverty rates, high percentages of minority students, and those with schools failing to make annual progress on providing sex education, are targeted for professional development training by the department. Currently, the department provides services to all 19 public school districts and 13 charter schools. The Department of Education contracts with Planned Parenthood of Delaware to assist with providing these trainings.

The department recommends *Making Proud Choices!*, an STD/HIV-prevention curriculum, and *Healthy Sexuality*, a comprehensive sex education curriculum, for use with middle-school students. It suggests *Removing the Risk* and *Reducing the Risk*, HIV-prevention education curricula, for use in high schools. (Please see the PREP State-Grant Program section above for a description of *Making Proud Choices!*)

Healthy Sexuality is a skills-based curriculum that emphasizes abstinence and provides information on STDs, including HIV and HPV. The curriculum consists of 11 activity-based lessons that help "define and promote healthy relationships," "increase family communication about sexuality," and "promote positive peer pressure regarding sexuality." The program also provides students with assistance in developing supportive networks and opportunities to practice communication and decision-making skills.³⁴

Removing the Risk is an abstinence-only, HIV-prevention program for high school students. The curriculum includes 10 lessons that focus on helping teens develop the interpersonal and social skills needed to postpone sexual activity, build healthy relationships that do not involve sexual intercourse, and avoid high-risk behaviors associated with unintended pregnancy, STDs, and HIV infection.³⁵

Reducing the Risk: Building Skills to Prevent Pregnancy, STD and HIV is an evidence-based, pregnancy, STD-, and HIV-prevention curriculum designed for classroom use with students in the ninth and 10th grades. It is appropriate for use with multiethnic populations. ³⁶ Reducing the Risk aims to reduce high-risk behaviors among participants and emphasizes strategies for abstaining from sex or practicing safer sex. The 16-lesson curriculum addresses both abstinence and contraception use and includes experiential activities that teach students to develop refusal, negotiation, and communication skills. An evaluation of the program published in Family Planning Perspectives found that it increased parent-child communication, especially among Latino youth, delayed the initiation of sexual intercourse, and reduced incidence of unprotected sex among lower-risk youth who participated in the program. ³⁷

With funding from the Personal Responsibility Education Program state grant, Delaware will also develop a statewide training institute to equip teachers and community providers to implement evidence-based sexual health programs in schools and community-based settings. (Please see the PREP State-Grant Program section above for more information on the project.)

We encourage you to submit any updated or additional information on comprehensive approaches to sex education being implemented in Delaware public schools for inclusion in future publications of the State Profiles. Please visit SIECUS' "Contact Us" webpage at www.siecus.org to share information. Select "state policy" as the subject heading.

POINTS OF CONTACT

Adolescent Health Contact³⁸

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ORGANIZATIONS THAT SUPPORT COMPREHENSIVE SEXUALITY EDUCATION

ACLU of Delaware Women's Conference

Wilmington, DE Newark, DE

Phone: (302) 654-3966 Phone: (302) 577-5287 www.aclu-de.org www.delawarewomen.org

AIDS Delaware Planned Parenthood of Delaware

 Wilmington, DE
 Wilmington, DE

 Phone: (302) 652.6776
 Phone: (302) 655-7296

www.aidsdelaware.org www.ppdel.org

Camp Rehoboth Community

Center

Rehoboth Beach, DE Phone: (302) 227-5620 www.camprehoboth.com

ORGANIZATIONS THAT OPPOSE COMPREHENSIVE SEXUALITY EDUCATION

Delaware Pro-Life Coalition Intercollegiate Studies Institute

Newark, DE Wilmington, DE

Phone: (302) 368-0329 Phone: (302) 652-4600

www.delawareprolife.org www.isi.org

Delaware Right To Life

Wilmington, DE

Phone: (302) 832-9600 www.derighttolife.org

MEDIA OUTLETS

Newspapers in Delaware³⁹

DoverPostThe News JournalDover, DEWilmington, DEPhone: (302) 678-8291Phone: (302) 324-2851www.doverpost.comwww.delawareonline.com

Political Blogs in Delaware

Delaware Watch Delaware Politics

http://delawarewatch.blogspot.com www.delawarepolitics.net

Paul's Progressive Postings

http://paulprogressive.blogspot.com

- ¹ This refers to the federal government's fiscal year, which begins on October 1st and ends on September 30th. The fiscal year is designated by the calendar year in which it ends; for example, Fiscal Year 2011 began on October 1, 2010, and ended on September 30, 2011.
- ² Del. Admin. Code title 14, § 851(1.1.2 http://regulations.delaware.gov/AdminCode/title14/800/851.pdf.
- ³ Del. Admin. Code title 14, § 851(1.1.4) http://regulations.delaware.gov/AdminCode/title14/800/851.pdf.
- ⁴ Del. Admin. Code title 14, § 851(1.1.3.1), http://regulations.delaware.gov/AdminCode/title14/800/851.pdf.
- ⁵ Danice K. Eaton, et. al., "Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance—United States, 2011," *Surveillance Summaries, Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report*, vol. 61, no. SS-4 (June 8, 2012): accessed June 18, 2012, http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/pdf/ss/ss6104.pdf.
- ⁶ "Birth rate for U.S. teenagers reach historic lows for all age and ethnic groups," NCHS data brief, no. 89,

(Hyattsville, MD: National Center for Health Statistics, 2012), accessed June 27, 2012,

http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/databriefs/db89.pdf, Data table for figure 6.

⁷ Ibid.

- ⁸ U.S. Teenage Pregnancies, Births, and Abortions: National and State Trends and Trends by Race and Ethnicity, (Washington, DC: Guttmacher Institute, January 2010), accessed May 7, 2012, http://www.guttmacher.org/pubs/USTPtrends.pdf, Table 3.1. ⁹ Ibid., Table 3.2.
- ¹⁰ U.S. Teenage Pregnancies, Births, and Abortions; National and State Trends and Trends by Race and Ethnicity, Table 3.1.
- ¹¹ Slide 9: "Rates of Diagnoses of HIV Infection among Adolescents Aged 13–19 Years, 2010—46 States and 5 U.S. Dependent Areas," *HIV Surveillance in Adolescents and Young Adults*, (Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention), accessed January 3, 2013, http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/slides/adolescents/index.htm.
- ¹² Slide 18: "Rates of AIDS Diagnoses among Adolescents Aged 13–19 Years, 2010—United States and 6 U.S. Dependent Areas," *HIV Surveillance in Adolescents and Young Adults*, (Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention), accessed January 3, 2013, http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/slides/adolescents/index.htm.
- ¹³ Slide 10: "Rates of Diagnoses of HIV Infection among Young Adults Aged 20-24 Years, 2010—46 States and 5 U.S. Dependent Areas," *HIV Surveillance in Adolescents and Young Adults*, (Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention), accessed January 3, 2013, http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/slides/adolescents/index.htm.
- ¹⁴ Slide 19: "Rates of AIDS Diagnoses among Young Adults Aged 20-24 Years, 2010—United States and 6 U.S. Dependent Areas," *HIV Surveillance in Adolescents and Young Adults*, (Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention), accessed January 3, 2013, http://www.cdc.gov/hiv/topics/surveillance/resources/slides/adolescents/index.htm.
- ¹⁵ "Wonder Database: Sexually Transmitted Disease Morbidity for selected STDs by age, race/ethnicity and gender 1996–2009 Results," (Atlanta, GA: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, June 2011), accessed December 18, 2012, http://wonder.cdc.gov.
- 16 Ibid.
- ¹⁷ "Our History," West End Neighborhood House, accessed April 14, 2011, http://www.westendnh.org/history/.
- ¹⁸ "Teenage Pregnancy Prevention: Summary of Funded Evidence-Based Programs for 2010," U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, accessed April 14, 2011,
- http://webcache.googleusercontent.com/search?q=cache:RstgXEd5vS0J:ipv6.hhs.gov/ash/oah/prevention/grantees/models_2010_programs.html+&cd=2&hl=en&ct=clnk&gl=us&client=firefox-a.
- ¹⁹ "Our Program," The Children's Aid Society Carrera Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention Program, accessed July 1, 2011, http://stopteenpregnancy.childrensaidsociety.org/our-program.
- ²⁰ Ibid
- ²¹ "Pregnancy Prevention Intervention Implementation Report: Children's Aid Society (CAS) Carrera," Programs for Replication Intervention Implementation Reports, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, accessed July 1, 2011, http://www.hhs.gov/ash/oah/oah-initiatives/tpp/programs/cas carrera.pdf.
- ²² "West End Announces New Teen Pregnancy Prevention Program," West End Neighborhood House, Inc., October 22, 2010, accessed April 14, 2010, http://www.westendnh.org/2010/10/22/west-end-announces-new-teen-pregnancy-prevention-program/.
- ²³ The majority of the funds were used to identify a contractor to administer the program. Information provided by Gloria James, Bureau Chief, Adolescent and Reproductive Health, State of Delaware Health and Social Services, March 12, 2012.
- ²⁴ "Request for Proposal Developing and Sustaining a Statewide Professional Development Partnership to Promote Healthy Outcomes and Reduce Sexual Risk Behaviors among Adolescents in Delaware," State Department of Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health (November 2010). Information provided by Gloria James, Director of the Division of Public Health, February 7, 2011.
- ²⁵ Making Proud Choices! Evidence-Based Programs, Resource Center for Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention (ReCAPP), ETR Associates, accessed April 15, 2010, http://www.etr.org/recapp/index.cfm?fuseaction=pages.ebpDetail&PageID=128.

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26 Ibid.

http://www.advocatesforyouth.org/storage/advfy/documents/sciencesuccess.pdf, 56-59.

²⁸ Be Proud! Be Responsible! Evidence-Based Programs, Resource Center for Adolescent Pregnancy Prevention (ReCAPP), ETR Associates, accessed July 1, 2011,

http://www.etr.org/recapp/index.cfm?fuseaction=pages.ebpDetail&PageID=1&PageTypeID=2; see also "Pregnancy Prevention Intervention Implementation Report: Be Proud! Be Responsible!" Programs for Replication – Intervention Implementation Reports, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, accessed July 1, 2011,

http://www.hhs.gov/ash/oah/oah-initiatives/tpp/programs/be_proud_responsible.pdf.

- ²⁹ Science and Success: Sex Education and Other Programs That Work to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, HIV & Sexually Transmitted Infections, 56–59.
- ³⁰ This is by no means a complete list of all comprehensive programming and policies related to sexuality education, but rather some examples of best practices and model programs that SIECUS identified.
- ³¹ "State Agencies: Delaware," *Healthy Youth!* (Atlanta, GA: National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion), accessed May 23, 2010, http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/states/de.htm.

 ³² Ibid
- ³³ Information provided by Janet Ray Arns, school health programs education associate for the Delaware Department of Education, February 17, 2010.
- ³⁴ "Health Sexuality: An Abstinence-Based Curriculum for Middle School," Rocky Mountain Center for Health Promotion and Education, accessed May 24, 2010, http://www.rmc.org/Training/health-sexuality.html.
- ³⁵ Removing the Risk: Abstinence for High School Students, Curricula Bibliography, SexEd Library, accessed January 31, 2013, http://www.sexedlibrary.org/index.cfm?pageId=778.
- ³⁶ Science and Success: Sex Education and Other Programs That Work to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, HIV & Sexually Transmitted Infections (Washington, DC: Advocates for Youth, 2008), accessed March 30, 2010,

http://www.advocatesforyouth.org/storage/advfy/documents/sciencesuccess.pdf, 22.

³⁷ Ibid., 23–24.

- ³⁸ The person listed represents the designated personnel in the state responsible for adolescent reproductive health.
- ³⁹ This section is a list of major newspapers in the state and is by no means exhaustive of local print outlets.

²⁷ Science and Success: Sex Education and Other Programs That Work to Prevent Teen Pregnancy, HIV & Sexually Transmitted Infections (Washington, DC: Advocates for Youth, 2008), accessed July 1, 2011,