



## ADOLESCENT SEXUAL HEALTH PROMOTION AT A GLANCE

The following is an overview of the state of adolescent sexual health promotion efforts in Michigan in Fiscal Year (FY) 2013, including sexuality education state laws and policy, sexual health data, and federal funding.

### STATE LEVEL SEXUALITY EDUCATION LAW AND POLICY OVERVIEW

Michigan state law does not require schools to teach sexuality education; however, HIV/AIDS education is required. Schools may also offer sexuality education instruction, which may include information on family planning, family life education, and STD prevention. Sexuality education classes must be offered as an elective and may not be required for graduation. All instruction in reproductive health must be taught by qualified instructors and “supervised by a registered physician, a registered nurse, or other person certified by the state board as qualified.” Additionally, the Michigan Board of Education has adopted the Policy to Promote Health and Prevent Disease and Pregnancy, which states that sexuality education programs must be age-appropriate, developmentally and culturally appropriate, medically accurate, and based on effective programming. Parents may remove their children from any part of the sexuality education instruction (“opt-out”). For more information, see [Michigan Compiled Laws §§ 380.1169–.1170, 380.1506–.1507, and 388.1766–.1766a](#); [Michigan Model for Health](#); and [Policy to Promote Health and Prevent Disease and Pregnancy](#).

### REPORTED BEHAVIORS OF YOUNG PEOPLE IN MICHIGAN

↓ Among Michigan high school students in 2013, 36% of females and 41% of males **reported ever having had sexual intercourse**, lower than the reported national average of 46% of females and 48% of males.

↓ Among Michigan high school students in 2013, 27% of females and 27% of males **reported being currently sexually active** (having had sexual intercourse in the three months prior), lower than the reported national average of 35% of females and 33% of males.

▬ Among Michigan high school students in 2013, 11% of females and 7% of males **reported experiencing physical dating violence one or more times** during the 12 months before the survey, similar to the reported national average of 13% of females and 7% of males.

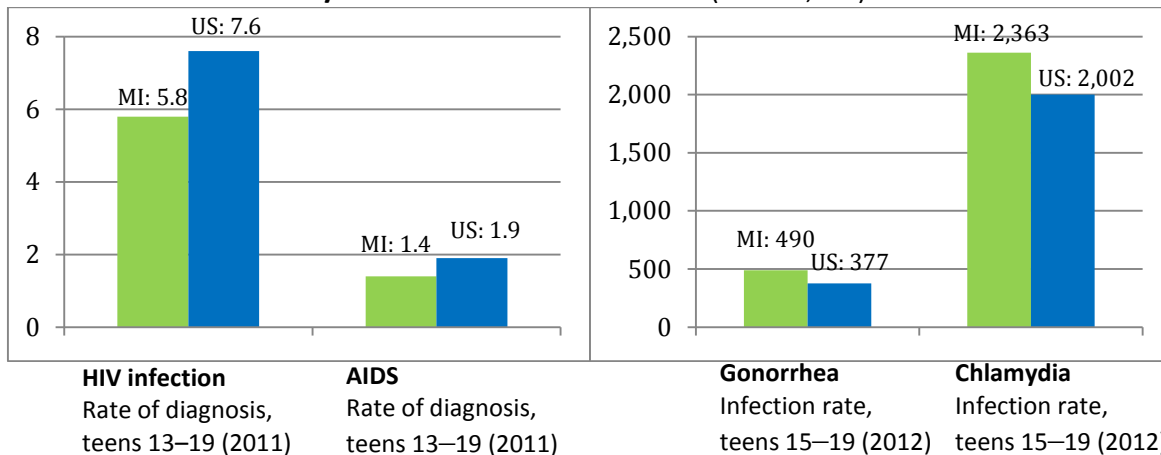
### MICHIGAN TEEN PREGNANCY, BIRTH, AND ABORTION RATES

↓ In 2010, Michigan’s **teen pregnancy rate was lower than the national average**, with 52 pregnancies per 1,000 teens ages 15–19, compared to 57 per 1,000 nationwide.

↓ In 2012, Michigan’s **teen birth rate was lower than the national average**, with 26 births per 1,000 teens ages 15–19, compared to 29 per 1,000 nationwide.

↓ In 2010, Michigan’s **teen abortion rate was lower than the national average**, with 14 abortions per 1,000 teens ages 15–19, compared to 15 per 1,000 nationwide.

## MICHIGAN'S YOUNG PEOPLE: HIV/AIDS AND OTHER STD RATES (PER 100,000)

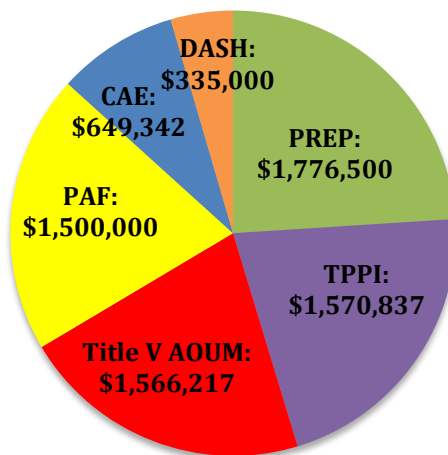


## FY 2013 FEDERAL FUNDING IN MICHIGAN: TOTAL \$7,397,896

### Division of Adolescent and School Health (DASH) \$335,000

Funds state and local education agencies to help districts implement exemplary sexual health education (ESHE), increase access to key sexual health services (SHS), and establish safe and supportive environments (SSE) for students and staff; funds HIV/STD prevention efforts for young men who have sex with men (YMMSM); supports state education and health agencies' surveillance efforts.

The Michigan Department of Education receives ESHE, SHS, and SSE DASH funding. The Michigan Department of Education, as well as the School District of the City of Detroit, also receives funds to collect and report the Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance and the School Health Profiles.



### Competitive Abstinence Education \$649,342

Funds for community- and faith-based organizations to implement abstinence-only-until-marriage programs.

Bethany Christian Service received CAE grant funding in FY 2013.

### Pregnancy Assistance Fund (PAF) \$1,500,000

Funds for a competitive grant program for state and tribal entities to support at least one of four components serving expectant and parenting teens, fathers, and families.

The Michigan Department of Community Health receives PAF funding.

### Personal Responsibility Education Program (PREP) \$1,776,500

Funds for states (PREP), local entities (PREIS), community/faith-based organizations (CPREP), and tribes (TPREP) to implement evidence-informed or innovative teen pregnancy- and HIV/STD-prevention, and adulthood preparation programs for young people.

The Michigan Department of Community Health implements the state PREP grant program through 10 local public and private entities to implement programming in both school- and community-based settings to young people ages 12–19, targeting communities of African-American youth, youth who reside in Detroit, or youth who reside in one of the 12 other counties that reported more than 100 teen births in 2009.

The Inter-Tribal Council of Michigan, Inc., administers TPREP within five tribal communities. Programming takes place in the 15 counties that make up the combined service area of the participating tribes for American Indian adolescents ages 11–18.

### Title V AOUM Program (Title V) \$1,566,217

Michigan has chosen to implement abstinence-only-until-marriage(AOUM) programs through Title V, matching every \$4 federal dollars with \$3 state dollars or in-kind contributions.

Michigan sub-grants its Title V AOUM funds to nine local public and private entities to target young people ages 10–15 with programming in both school- and community-based settings. The state match is provided through a combination of in-kind funds and direct revenue from sub-grantees, media, and state funds.

For further background on the federal programs, information on the grantees and the programs they are implementing, as well as citations, see the FY 2013 Michigan State Profile at [siecus.org/Michigan2013](http://siecus.org/Michigan2013).

### Teen Pregnancy Prevention Initiative (TPPI) \$1,570,837

Funds for local entities to implement evidence-based programs (Tier 1) or innovative strategies (Tier 2) to prevent teen pregnancy.

There are two TPPI Tier 1 grantees in Michigan: The Teen H.Y.P.E. (Helping Youth by Providing Education) Youth Development Program, a minority-run and -directed nonprofit serving African-American young people in Detroit; and YMCA of Metropolitan, which serves young people ages 11–14 in Macomb, Oakland, and Wayne counties through 14 public, charter, and parochial schools as well as two detention centers, YMCA branch locations, and other youth-serving organizations.